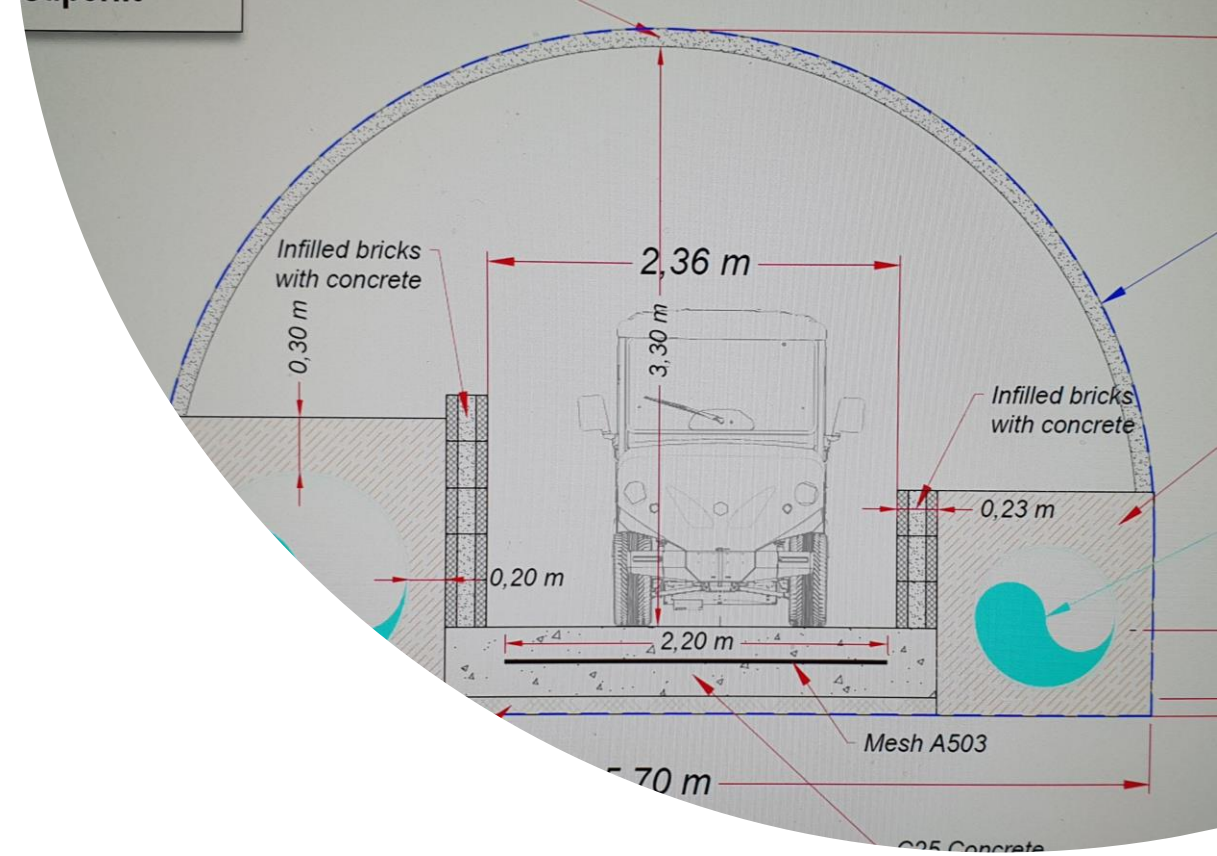


# Towards a Net Zero Impact utility Project

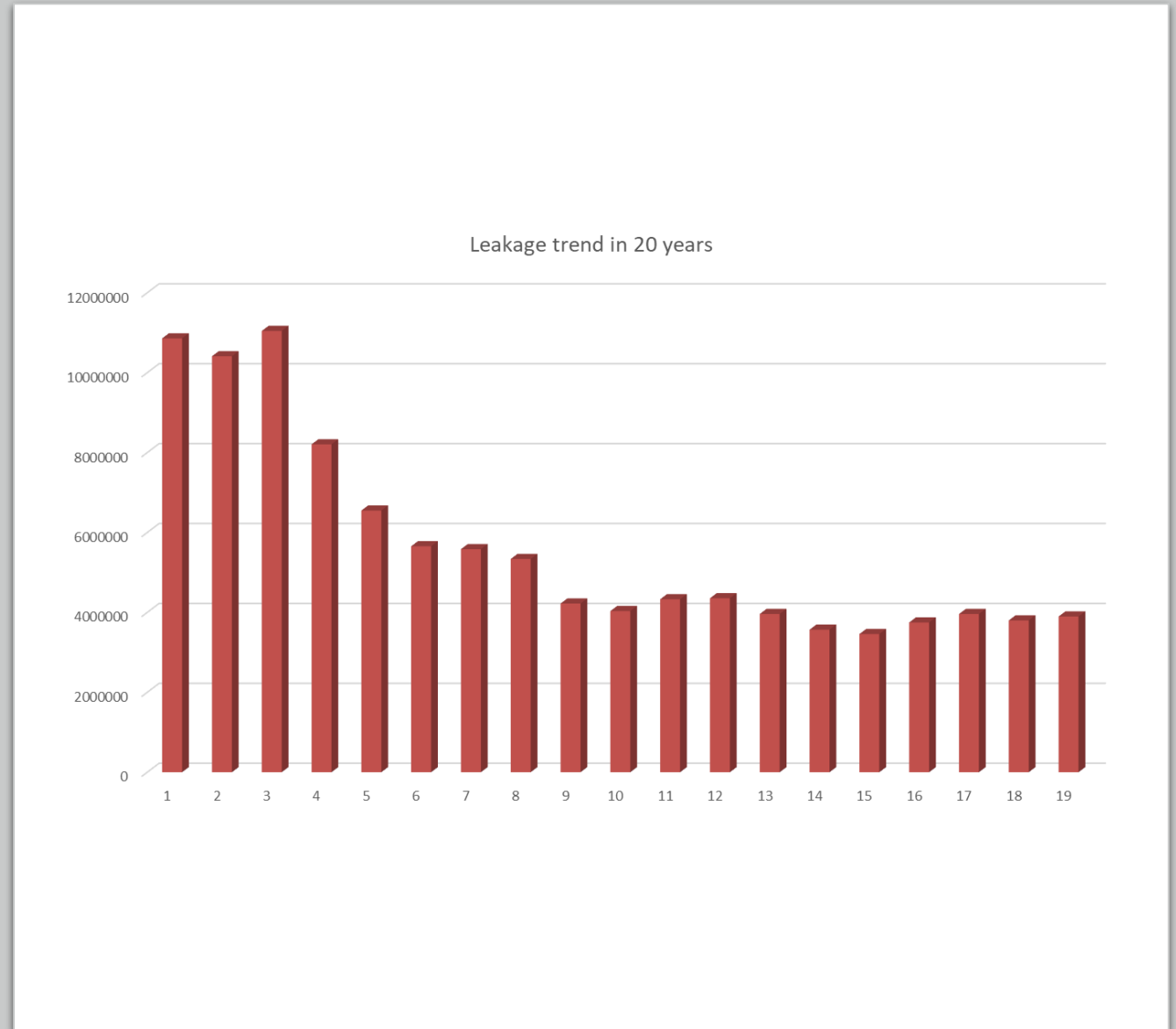


A good look at the  
strategy behind this  
Major Project

# Largest Energy saving initiative by far...

26 years of leakage management!

From 4000m<sup>3</sup>/hr to 360m<sup>3</sup>/hr



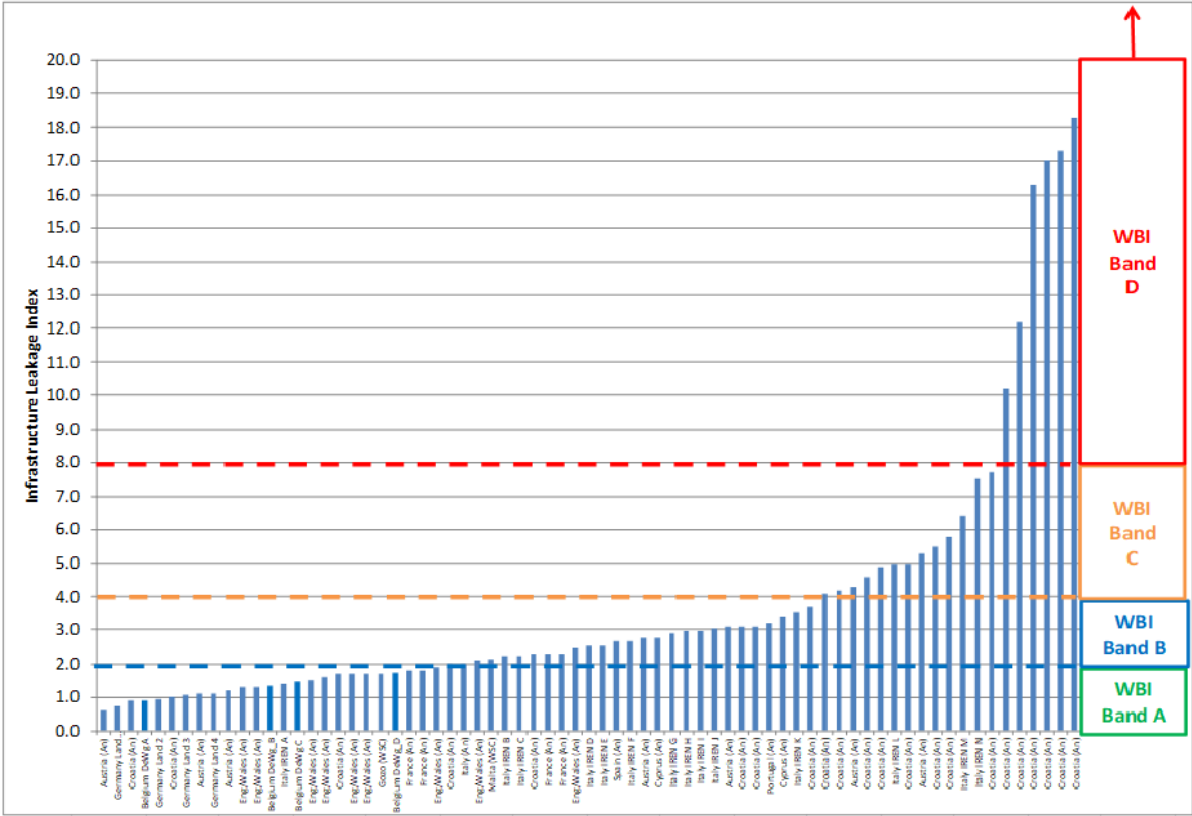
# Infrastructure Leakage Index

Down to 1.8 from a staggering 20 in 1995

Benefits?

- Plan for 6<sup>th</sup> RO scrapped
- 2 RO's decommissioned
- 3 RO's at half load.

Overall Savings to date – Eur750M





# Misconceptions

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- ‘Net Zero’ has been interpreted in many creative ways.

# Purpose:

All initiatives address the following:

- To improve the quality and quantity of potable water **WITHOUT** increasing recurrent costs to achieve a Net Zero financial impact

# Scope:

- To Maximise the blending potential of all RO water produced.
- To safeguard and use ground water sensibly
- To reduce all recurrent specific costs

# Technical concepts to clarify:

- RO water - low chlorides, significant Boron
- Ground water - high chlorides, high nitrates.
- Untreated RO - very negative LSI (AGGRESSIVE!)
- High ground water abstraction rates increase chloride levels, reduces Nitrates, increases Boron
- Same abstraction can be achieved from multiple boreholes, hence the concept of spatial abstraction
- Aquifer is not a huge bucket of water. Should be used up to economic and sustainable limit.
- Industry abstracts what we do not.

# Objectives

1 Upgrade all RO plants to increase capacity and reduce specific power consumption

- Latest energy recovery devices, better efficiency motors, latest membrane technology, increase sea wells draw.

Benefits:

- To allow for increased consumption
- To reduce energy costs
- To acquire better blending potential

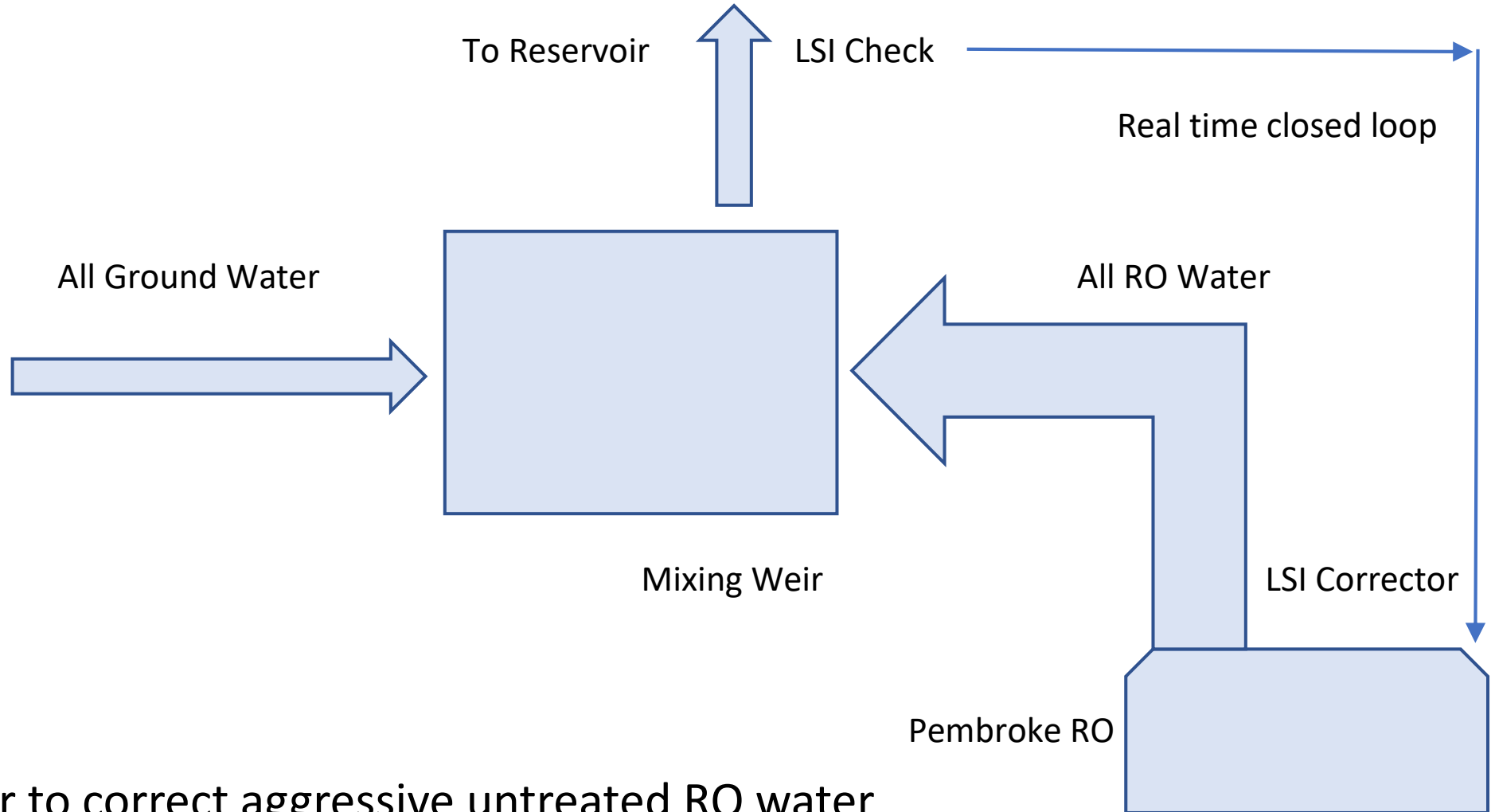




# Objectives

- 2 Pump RO water from Pembroke directly to ta Qali group of reservoirs.
  - Reduce unnecessary friction due to restricted pipe diameters
  - Reduce head due to unnecessary elevations
  - Gain full blend potential
  - Stop in situ treatment

# Rationale



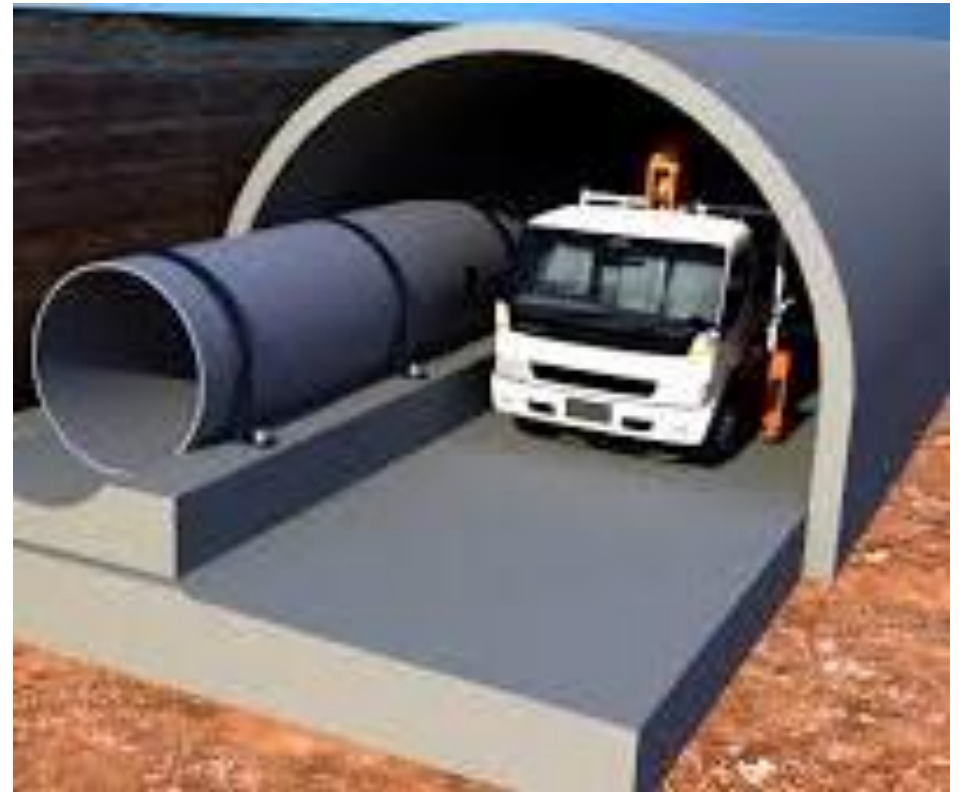
## GAINS:

- Ground water to correct aggressive untreated RO water
- Closed loop LSI check prior to discharge in reservoir and correction @ Pembroke.
- Minimise Lime injection and improve Ph

# Objectives

## 3 Pipeline from Ta Qali towards San Gwann

- Uninterrupted water supply
- Stable parameters (Ph, Boron, Chlorides, TDS)
- No more lime in pipework
- Reduced stopped/slow meters
- Create hub to supply water by gravity /pumping



# Objectives

## 4 Pipeline from Ta Qali towards St Catherine Hospital

- By pass 100 years old supply pipe in old tunnel.
- Improve supply pressure up to Valletta
- Improve water quality
- Allow possibility to replace old pipe



# Objectives

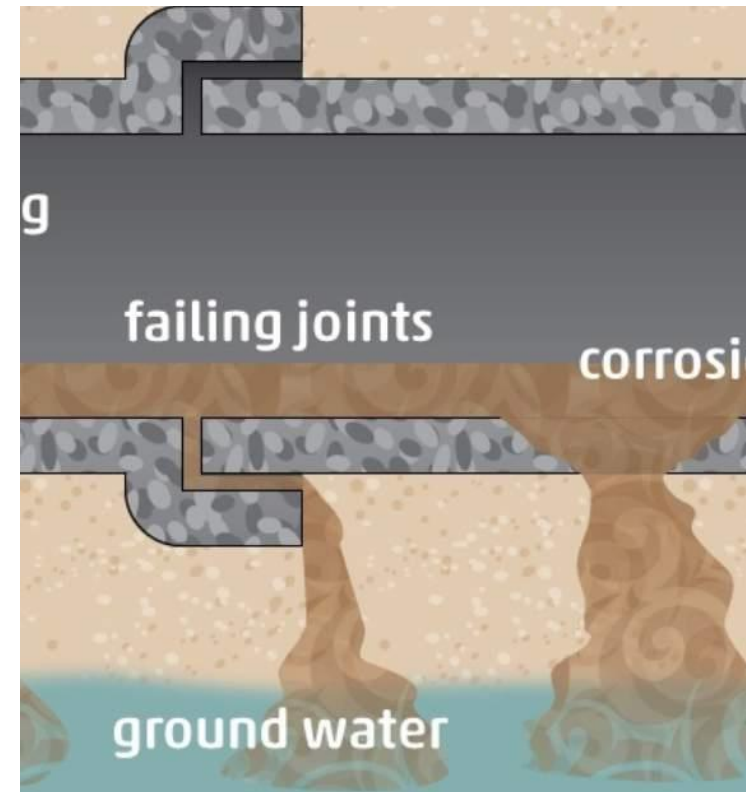
## 5 Siggiewi mains replacement

- Supply households with potable water
- Stop all pilfering
- Remove all leakages
- Collect all ground water and add unused and good quality boreholes (spatial)



# Objectives

- 6a Install new sewer network to replace cesspits
- 6b Replace old leaking sewer networks
- 6c Increase sewer capacity to reduce exfiltration
  - Reduce emptying costs
  - Reduce exfiltration to safeguard aquifers





# Objectives

## 7 Extension of new water supply to the farming community

- Reduce pressure on aquifer
- Offer alternative supply to industry
- Improve groundwater quality potential for WSC hence less RO water
- Less energy needed to produce this water



# Objectives

- 8 Discharge points and monitoring stations
- Watch carefully what is being discharged into sewers
  - Improve treatment to safeguard environment
  - Reduce specific costs of treatment (energy and chemicals)
  - Apply polluters pay principles.





# Objectives

## 9 Stop Sea water infiltrations into sewers

- Reduce salinity in pumping stations
- Improve pump and ancillaries lifetime
- Reduce pumping costs
- Improve treatment efficacy
- Reduce treatment costs
- Reduce new water production costs

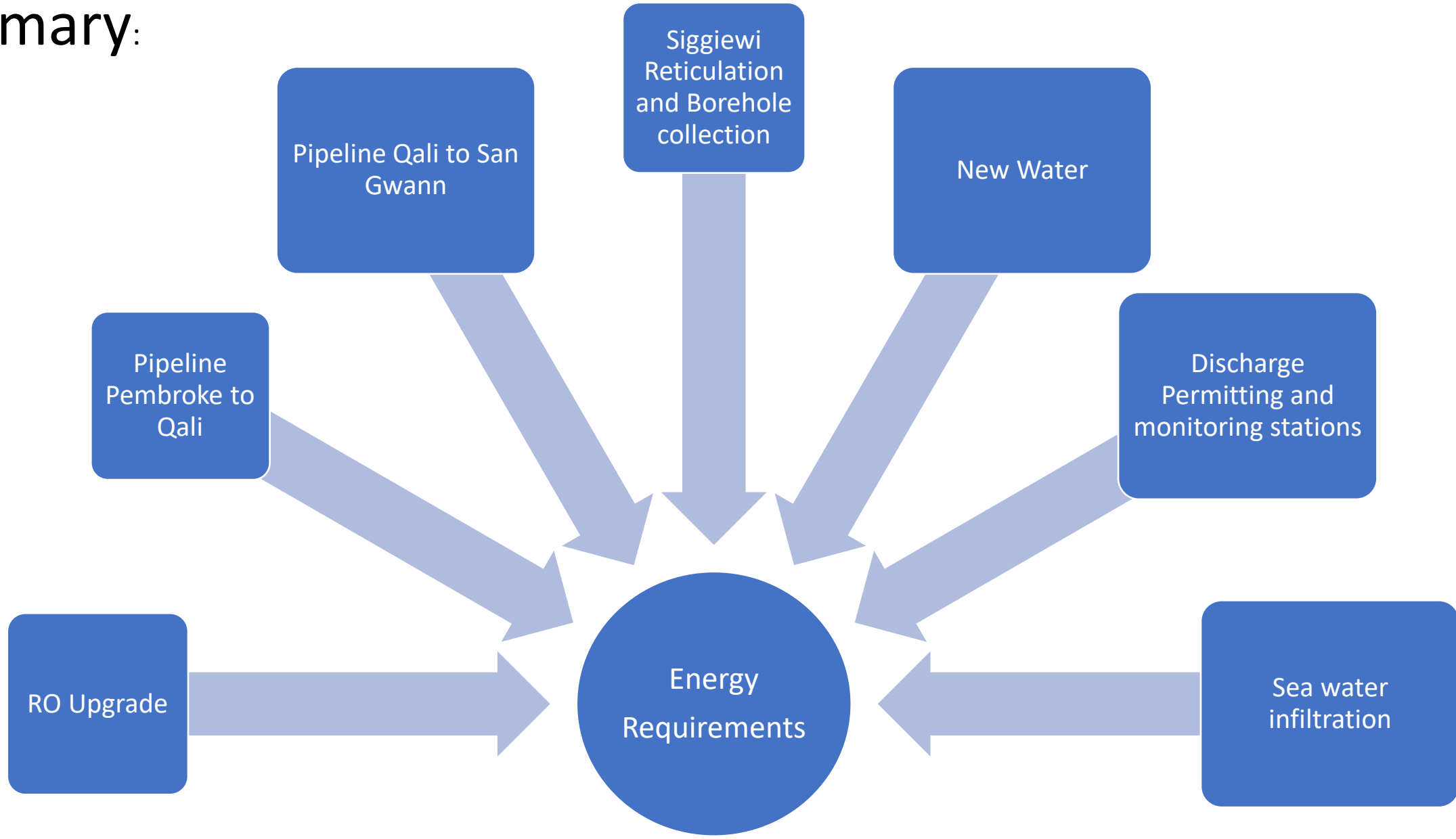


# Two other projects of significant importance

- Hondoq RO
  - Lower production costs
  - Lower pumping costs
- Sant Antnin Upgrade
  - Treatment energy reduction
  - Economy and population growth



# Summary:



All initiatives lead to a reduction in energy consumption

# Summary:

All initiatives lead to an improvement in quality and Quantity



# International recognition

- Water Innovation Europe Award 2019

Prize in Water governance

