## **New EEO – Luxembourg**



# Description of the programme/ measure

- Luxembourg recently implemented an Energy Efficiency Obligation scheme.
- The obligated parties are:
  - 28 electricity suppliers
  - 9 gas suppliers
- Energy savings can be claimed in principle in all sectors with the exception of the transport sector.

#### Critical success factors

- Administrative costs and complexity of a new EEO are potentially high
- This risk is reduced by: (1) the calculation methods are restricted to deemed savings and scaled savings, (2) a catalogue with standardised calculations is published and (3) an excel tool to calculate savings from measures is provide to obligated parties.

#### **Innovation**

The EEO has been newly introduced.

## **Outcomes**



### **Key achievements**

The scheme is new; there are no outcomes yet

#### **Lesson learned**

Other EEOs were analysed for designing the EEO in Luxembourg. Most elements were inspired by the Danish EEO.

### **Further information**



#### Final comments

- Obligated parties must mention the type of action undertaken with regard to the end customer, and must confirm that this took place before the implementation of the measure that led to the energy savings.
- The basic rule with regards to determining the baseline is as follows: For an exchange of an existing appliance or application the situation before the measure can be used as the baseline; for a new appliance or application the baseline is set by the minimum legal requirements.

#### **Further information**

- www.gouvernement.lu/meco
- www.entreprises.guichet.lu

#### For more information contact:

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