



# City of Ljubljana

- **City Vision**: In the future Ljubljana will preserve the character of an agreeable green city, its dimension and convenient living standards will make it a nice place to live in.
- Ljubljana is the political and cultural heart of the Slovenian nation.

Total population: 292,988 Surface area: 274.99 km<sup>2</sup>

- In the past 10 years Ljubljana implemented over 1,800 projects to further increase the quality of life. Ljubljana is signatory to the Covenant of Mayors since 2009.
- The city owes its present appearance partly to Italian baroque and partly to Art Nouveau, which is the style of the numerous buildings erected immediately after **the earthquake of 1895**. In the first half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, modern Ljubljana was shaped by the strong personal style of Jože Plečnik, a great European architect and a local of Ljubljana.
- Ljubljana has the **highest percentage of green space per inhabitant in Europe**, has been ranked #1 European Best Green Capital.













# Large scale renovation project EOL (I)

- Ljubljana is implementing public buildings renovation projects since 2000. Initially, the renovations were financed solely through **public financing**, but with **limited scope**.
- 2008 data: 326 public buildings (537,316 m²), final energy consumption for heating 84,085 MWh/year (158 kWh/m²a), electricity consumption 22,340 MWh/year (51 kWh/m² a), energy cost EUR 7,5 mio/year.
- 2013 2016: ELENA Energetska obnova Ljubljane EOL project (EIB technical assistance for energy efficiency and renewable energy investments) - preparation of public buildings renovation projects pipe-line.
- 2016: Announced the public tender for renovation of 106 public buildings.
- 2017 2018: EOL (I) implementation via Public-Private Partnership (PPP) and Energy Performance Contracting (EnPC)
- **2018 2025**: Renovation of 100+ public buildings

EnPC is a contractual arrangement between the client (City of Ljubljana) and the provider(s) (two ESCOs) of the energy performance improvement project (EOL), the results of which are verified and monitored. Service providers are paid for in relation to a contractually agreed and guaranteed level of energy performance improvement or other related criteria, such as financial savings.









# Renovation project EOL (I) background

	1	Δ	Naziv javne ustanove	Lokacija / Naslov	Energent	Letna pora	aba energ	ije - ref. leto 2	2008 (MWh	leto)					pov. raba en. za ogr.	Moč kotla	Leto izdelave		Objekt 1		Hla		Priprava STV
	1	<b>~</b> ) [			enota	DO	ZP	ELKO	EL (ogr.)	UNP	N.P.	ELEK.	skupno	kWh/m2	kWh/m2	kW		izgradnja/ obnova		delež %	št. naprav	skupna moc (kW)	naprava
Ĺ	39	ZD Ljubljana -	Šiška	Derčeva ulica 5	DO	858,00						348,02	1.206,02	62		kW; TP2: 284 kW		1979/2009	5.654	100			iz kotlovnice celo leto

Data (A)

Analysis (B)

Measures (C)

**Local Energy Concept (priorities, financing, ...)** 

**Technical support (ELENA)** 

Implementation (public financing, PPP - EPC)

ZD ŠIŠKA

15,1 °C

14

12

10

8

7.6

OŠ Polje – Zadobrovška cesta (182 kWh/m²)



- 1. Toplotna izolacija podstrešja.
- 2. Zamenjava oken.
- 3. Izolacija ovoja in ureditev fasade.
- 4. Nizkotemperaturni kotel.
- Vgradnja termostatskih ventilov.
- Varčna svetila.
- 7. Vgradnja senzorjev za vklop in izklop luči v sanitarijah.
- 8. Vgradnja varčnih kotličkov.
- Vgradnja varčnih pip.





# **ELENA** renovation project EOL (I)



#### ELENA Completed Project Factsheet Energetska obnova Ljubljane (EOL)

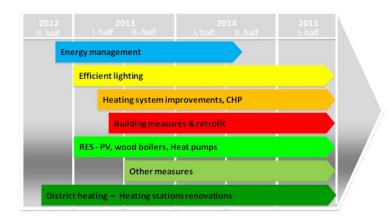
Ljubljana, Slovenia
City of Liubliana
Yes
Energy efficiency
EUR 1 098 011
EUR 975 034

Investment in implementation phase	EUR 49m
Results expected to be achieved	<ul> <li>Energy savings: 114 GWh/y</li> <li>RE heat and electricity generation: 0.25 GWh/y</li> <li>CO<sub>2</sub> reduction: 8,864 t/y</li> </ul>
Leverage factor achieved	50
Lessons learnt	The project encountered many difficulties in its implementation, mainly due to the lack of legal basis and no practice in public-private partnership (PPP) and energy performance contracting (EPC) as well as underdeveloped ESCO market in Slovenia.  Despite the complexity of the project, the EOL project played a significant role in the process of adopting the legal basis in Slovenia, including the publication of PPP EPC Guidelines in 2014 and adoption of other legal acts by the Slovenian Government that made PPP EPC approach feasible.
Further information sources	https://www.ljubljana.si/en/
Contact person at Beneficiary	Alenka Loose, Energy Manager, City of Ljubljana

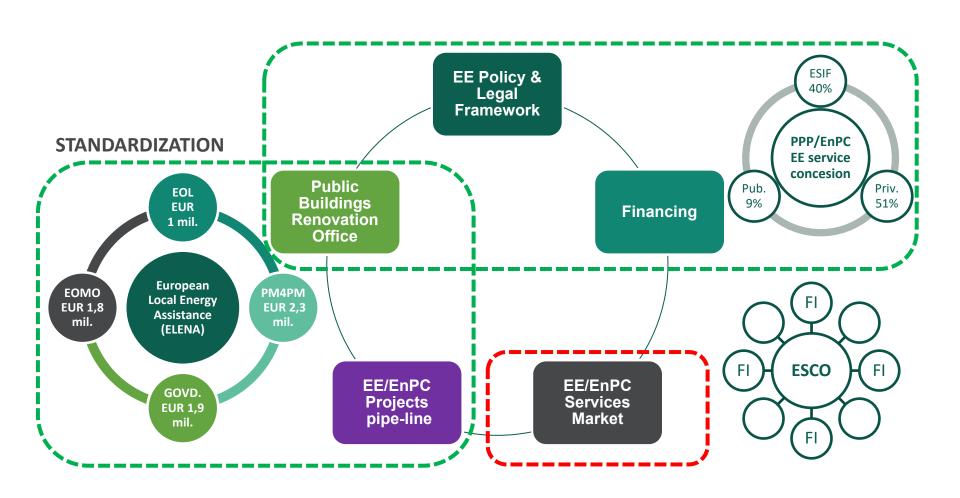
Project Implementation Unit

- Legal support
- ☐ Technical support.
- ☐ Economic and financial support

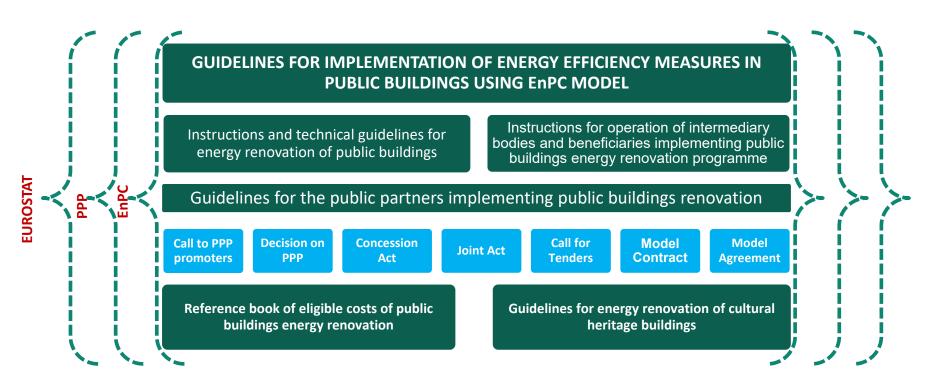
Timeframe: January 2013 – December 2016



## **EnPC.si: Critical success factors**



### **EnPC.si: Standardization**

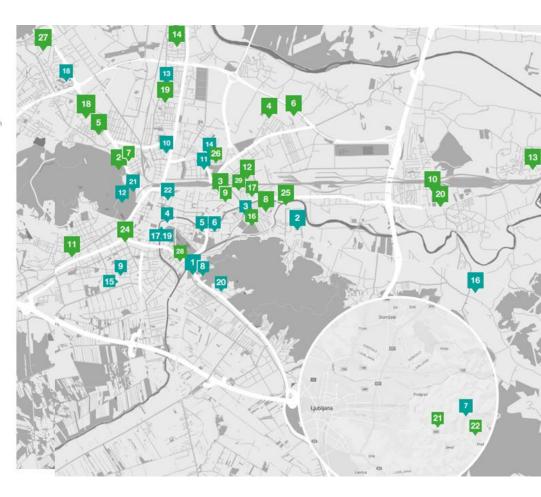


http://www.energetika-portal.si/podrocja/energetika/energetska-prenova-javnih-stavb/projektna-pisarna/ (in Slovene)

# Large scale EOL (I) EnPC renovations

- National Hero Maks Pečar Primary School, Črnuška 9 Tivoli Swimming Pool Complex
- Vodmat Kindergarten, Unit Bolgarska
- Jože Moškrič Primary School
- Community Health Centre Ljubljana Šiška
- Nove Jarše Primary School
- Najdihojca Kindergarten, Unit Čenča
- Oton Župančič Kindergarten, Unit Ringaraja
- Vodmat Kindergarten, Unit Klinični Center
- Community Health Centre Ljubljana Moste Polje, Unit Polje
- Vič Primary School, Tržaška 74
- Zelena jama Kindergarten, Unit Zelena jama
- Pedeniped Kindergarten, Unit Zalog
- Danila Kumar International School
- National Hero Maks Pečar Primary School, Dunajska 390
- Kodeljevo Sports Facility Hall
- MOL City Administration, Proletarska cesta 1
- H.C. Andersen Kindergarten, Unit Lastovica
- Jelka Kindergarten, Unit Jelka
- Polje Primary School
- Sostro Primary School, Subsidiary Besnica
- Sostro Primary School, Subsidiary Prežganje
- Šmartno pod Šmarno goro Primary School
- MOL City Administration, Trg MDB 7
- Oton Župančič Kindergarten, Unit Mehurčki
- Mladi rod Kindergarten, Unit Čira čara
- Mojca Kindergarten, Unit Tinkara
- 28 Pod gradom Kindergarten, Unit Prule
- Vodmat Kindergarten, Unit Vodmat Korytkova 24
  - Vodmat Kindergarten, Unit Vodmat Korytkova 26

- Oskar Kovačič Primary School, Dolenjska 20
- Božidar Jakac Primary School
- 3 Kette and Murn Primary School
- MOL City Administration Adamič-Lundrovo nabrežje 2
- MOL City Administration, Poljanska 28
- 6 Community Health Centre Ljubljana Moste Polje
- Sostro Primary School, Subsidiary Janče with kindergarten
- 8 Rudník Sports Facility Strelišče
- 9 Kolezija Kindergarten, Unit Kolezija
- 10 Ljubljana City Library/Bežigrad Library
- 11 Bežigrad Primary School
- 12 International Centre of Graphic Arts
- 13 France Bevk Primary School
- 14 Savsko naselje Primary School
- 15 Kolezija Primary School
- 16 Sostro Primary School
- 17 City Art Gallery of Ljubljana
  - Dravlje Primary School
- MOL City Administration, Mestni trg 1
- 20 Community Health Centre Ljubliana Vič, Unit Rudnik
- 21 Tivoli Ha
- 22 Community Health Centre Ljubljana Center
- 23 Community Health Centre Ljubljana Šentvid



# Renovation project EOL (I)

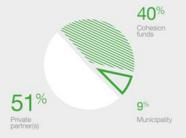
- Comprehensive and partial energy renovations of 48 city-owned public buildings including elementary schools, kindergartens, libraries, healthcare centres, sports facilities, administration buildings.
- The total investment of EUR 14.9
   mil. for the energy renovation.
- Energy cost savings more than EUR
   1 mio.
- The largest public-private partnership in Slovenia in the area of energy performance contracting.

48
buildings
renovated



We have comprehensively renovated 25 buildings and obtained a grant for this purpose from the Cohesion Fund. The remaining 23 buildings received a partial energy retrofit.

Division of comprehensive energy retrofit in a public-private partnership



# Think ahead: Energy efficiency

ENERGY RETROPIT OF BUILDINGS IN LJUSTJANA

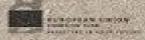




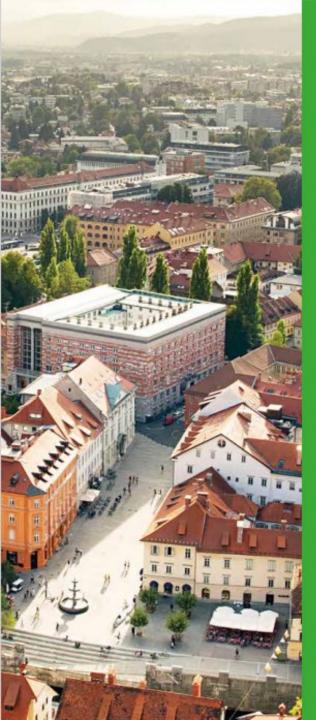


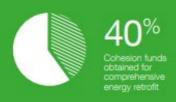
City of Unbaseus















CO.

The amount of CO<sub>2</sub> annually absorbed by 150,000 trees or 340 ha of forest.

404440044 444004440

- The total guaranteed annual energy savings for space heating and electricity amount to 8,245,534 kWh or more than a million EUR per year. The annual greenhouse gas emissions have been reduced by 2,956 tons.
- To achieve the set energy saving objectives, the buildings needed proper insulation and 25% of energy had to be provided from renewable energy sources.
- Over 30 'competitive dialogues' performed to reach the final agreement between consortium of two ESCOs and City of Ljubljana.
- One ESCO acquired over 500 offers, signed over 53 contracts.
- Implementation period:
   1.9.2017 31.8.2018.
- Project done on time and within budget!

## Jože Moškrič Primary School



=	Name	Jože Moškrič Primary School
9	Address	Jarška cesta 34, 1000 Ljubljana
M	Year of Construction	1984 (The building falls under the Cultural Heritage Protection Act.)
k.	Architect	Emil Navinšek

The building has undergone a comprehensive retrofit under the Ljubljana Energy retrofit programme. A structural retrofit of the building has been performed under a separate project.

#### Baseline situation

The building was insufficiently insulated; only the gym was insulated (with 12 cm of insulation materials). Doors and windows were partially renovated. The retrofitted PVC doors and windows with double glazing had the thermal transmittance value of 1.1-1.3 W/m2K. The boiler room featured an independent heating station, connected to the district heating network, and lacking temperature and clock control.





- Start date: 1 March 2018
- End date: 30 August 2018
- (1) Value of the investment: EUR 546,009







#### Comprehensive energy retrofit measures implemented

Building envelope: Insulation of exterior walls has been implemented according to PURES standards. Due to the protected status of the building, the natural stone façade (tufa) had to be preserved. The stone was removed, cleaned, and reinstalled to the facade.

Doors and windows: The existing doors and windows have been renovated. Windows have been fitted with external shades.

Roof insulation: The flat roof has been additionally insulated with 25 cm of insulation materials. Hydro insulation has been installed to prevent moisture and water penetration.

Heating system: Boiler room has been equipped with a new thermal station. A comprehensive retrofit of the SHW system. and an air/water heat pump have been implemented, thus increasing the RES share in accordance with the Local Energy Concept of the City of Ljubliana (LEK MOL).

Heat recovery system: New climate control with heat recovery to ventilate the gym has been installed.

Thermostatic valves: Thermostatic valves have been

Lighting retrofit: Lighting with wasteful energy consumption has been replaced by energy-saving LED lights.

Energy management: Central Energy Management System (EMS) has been installed to monitor consumption and achieve the set targets (energy savings).





#### Guaranteed energy savings

Pre-retrofit performance: 107.85 kWh/m²a, i.e., energy efficiency class E. Post-retrofit performance: The energy consumption has been reduced to 43.33 kWh/m/s. and the building promoted to energy efficiency class C.

## Kodeljevo Sports Facility - Hall



	Name	Kodeljevo Sports Facility - Hall
	Address	Gortanova ulica 21, 1000 Ljubljana
Œ	Year of Construction	1972

The building has undergone a comprehensive retrofit under the Ljubljana Energy retrofit programme.

#### Baseline situation

The building was insufficiently insulated. Copelite glass covered a large part of building envelope. Aluminium doors and windows had not been renovated and had the thermal transmittance of 1.6 W/m²K. The roof was not insulated. The building was connected to natural gas supply system. Heating was regulated according the outdoor temperature. The entire building was equipped with fluorescent lighting.





(1) Value of the investment: EUR 839,432









#### Comprehensive energy retrofit measures implemented

Building envelope: Insulation has been implemented according to PURES standards. Copelte glass and masonry walls have been rearranged.

Doors and windows: Copelite glass and windows have been replaced by glass (following PURES standards). Glass and masonry wall surfaces have been partly rearranged.

Roof insulation: The roof has been insulated and hydroinsulated in accordance with PURES.

Ventilation system: Degraded climate controls have been replaced by two new units featuring a run-around coil.

Thermal station: The existing energy product has been elminated by connecting the building to the district heating system. A new thermal station has been installed.

Lighting retrofit: Lighting with wasteful energy consumption has been replaced by energy-saving LED lights (DALI).

Energy management: Central Energy Management System (EMS) has been installed to monitor consumption and achieve the set targets (energy savings).







#### Guaranteed energy savings

Pre-retrofit performance: 173.14 W/h/m3a, i.e., energy efficiency class F. Post-retrofit performance: The energy consumption has been reduced to 48.41 kWh/m²s. and the building promoted to energy efficiency class C.

## Community Health Centre Ljubljana – Šiška



8	Name	Community Health Centre Ljubljana – Šiška				
63	Address	Derčeva ulica 5, 1000 Ljubljana				
m	Year of Construction	1962 (the old wing) 1977 (the recent wing)				

The building has undergone a comprehensive retrofit under the Ljubljana Energy retrofit programme.

#### Baseline situation

The building was insufficiently insulated. Doors and windows, covering larger areas, were deteriorated and only partially renovated in the old part of the building. The flat part of the roof had been renovated. The building was connected to the district heating network. The entire building had fluorescent lighting with specular louvre.







- > Start date: 18 August 2017
- End date: 12 March 2018
- Value of the investment: EUR 973,579







#### Comprehensive energy retrofit measures implemented

**Building envelope:** Insulation has been implemented according to PURES standards.

Doors and windows: New doors and windows have been installed according to PURES standards.

Attic insulation: A new insulation has been installed (25 cm). Roof insulation: The flat roof has been additionally insulated with 25 cm of insulation materials. Hydro insulation has been implemented as well. Heating system: A comprehensive retrofit of thermal station for space heating and heating of sanitary water has been performed.

Thermostatic valves: All radiators have been equipped with thermostatic valves.

**Lighting retrofit:** Lighting with wasteful energy consumption has been replaced by energy-saving LED lights.

Energy management: Central Energy Management System (EMS) has been installed to monitor consumption and achieve the set targets (energy savings).

#### Guaranteed energy savings







Pre-retrofit performance: 131.02 kWh/m³a. i.e., energy efficiency class E.

Post-retrofit performance: The energy consumption has been reduced to 28.62 kWh/m³a, and the building promoted to energy efficiency class B.

# **EOL** (I) key challenges

- Buildings under cultural heritage or architectural protection, seismic-safety renovations needed
- Time squeeze kindergartens and schools closed only during the summer period
- No implementation and financing framework for the PPP EnPC at the very beginning of projects
- Local and state public administrations' lack of experience with the EnPC - a year and a half of negotiations to work out the final agreement
- Scepticism of the local stakeholders preferring the public procurement renovations
- Establishment of large number of base lines to guarantee energy savings
- Securing ESCOs initial funding (debt/equity) of the whole investment (EUR 14.9 mil.)
- Coordination of energy renovations with general renovations



# **European Energy Service Award**

The City of Ljubljana energy renovation project EOL - Best Energy Service Project in 2019

The prestigious award is given by the European Commission at the annual Covenant of Mayors Forum, to honour projects that contribute to the growth of energy efficiency and sustainability in Europe.



# **EOL II & III implemented EOL IV + Solar PPA projects underway**

- City of Ljubljana has continued with building renovation projects (EOL II, III. and IV.) with a total of more than 100+ buildings to be renovated.
- In 2022 the City of Ljubljana started to install rooftop solar PV systems on public buildings, introducing the PPA model.
- Satisfied users, who yield the benefits of the improved comfort standards, reduced use of energy and increased use of RES, represent greatest achievement!



EOL 1 (2018) 48 buildings



EOL 2 (2020) 11 buildings



EOL 3 (2021) 27 buildings



**EOL IV ongoing**4 buildings (2022)
15 buildings (-> 2025)

# EnPC.si: developments & new financial instruments

- NECP public procurement EnPC (legal framework study), revolving fund (planned measure)
- Pilot comprehensive energy renovations of multi-apartment buildings (funds blending):
  - ⇒ FI 1 combination of Eco Fund soft loans, grants and own funds (buildings renovation funds)
  - ⇒ FI 2 combination of co-financing by ESCOs (on-bill financing - OBF), grants and own funds (buildings renovation funds)
- Guarantee fund and forfaiting gap analysis and implementation framework (basic design)











# Thank you for your attention.

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