

The Italian National Portal on Building Energy Performance PNPE² as support to evaluate and monitor the renovation of public buildings

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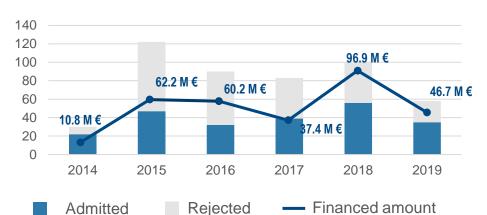
The PREPAC Program towards 2030



Starting from 2014, the **Program for the Energy Renovation of the Buildings of the Central Public Administration (PREPAC)** is prepared by November 30th of each year.

The program was confirmed and strengthened for the decade 2021-2030

PREPAC proposals (2014-2019)



- An annual average of 50% of proposals was found to be eligible;
- 483 proposals evaluated, 231 financed, with a value ranging from a few thousand to a few million euros;
- In total, 314 million euros worth of projects were funded.



Monitor the renovation rate of Italian Public Buildings

✓ Strength and Promoters

Public bodies want to pursue the public interest (pilot cases for fighting climate change) and also benefit from the energy savings.

Renovation companies and **EsCOs** have economic interests and the necessary technical skills.

Weakness

PREPAC program concerns only Central Public **Administration**. Local Administrations are not part of it.

Lack of technical skills and information in the public bodies (especially in small contexts) is often present in both holding the Funds and benefitting from them.

Increase the knowledge about the buildings and estimate the evolution of their energy performance is crucial to monitor the reaching of EU's targets.

DATABASES are a powerful tool to perform these evaluations as they make it possible to combine building data and compare them with the building requirements issued by law over time



National Informative System on EPCs

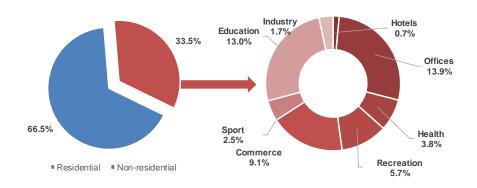


The Italian Informative System on Energy Performance Certificates (SIAPE) is the national tool to collect the EPCs issued for buildings and building units in 2015 and was developed by ENEA in 2016.



SIAPE already contains information on public buildings certified through an EPC and makes it possible to analyze several parameters on them.

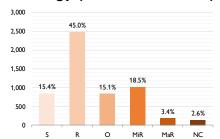
Building use of EPCs issued for public buildings in 2020



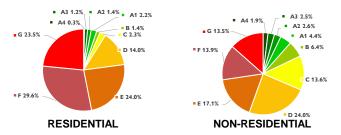


Statistics on EPCs issued for public buildings

The energy performance of public buildings on SIAPE can be compared with that of private buildings.



Purpose of EPCs issued for public buildings in 2020



PURPOSE FOR EPC ISSUING					
	EPCs of public buildings	EPCs of private buildings			
Sale (S)	15.4%	57.8%			
Rent (R)	45.0%	26.8%			
Other (O)	15.1%	5.8%			
Minor Renovation (MiR)	18.5%	3.8%			
Major Renovation (Mar)	3.4%	2.4%			
New Buildings	2.6%	3.3%			

ENERGY LABEL DISTRIBUTION					
	EPCs of pu	EPCs of public buildings		EPCs of private buildings	
	Residential	Non-residential	Residential	Non-residential	
A4-B	6.6%	17.9%	7.8%	11.3%	
C-E	40.3%	54.7%	31.9%	47.6%	
F-G	53.1%	27.4%	60.4%	41.1%	

Energy labels of EPCs issued for public buildings in 2020

The previous evaluations provide already some interesting information ... however, the amount of data need to be increased to allow to monitor and evaluate the renovation rate of the public sector.



National Portal on Building Energy Performance



The Italian transposition of the EPBD III introduced the **National Portal** on Building Energy Performance (PNPE²)

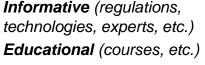
ENEA is in charge of developing and managing the PNPE².

PNPE² **TARGET USERS**









Decision Support Systems (regualification, monitoring, etc.)











Functionalities for the public sector





Data sources

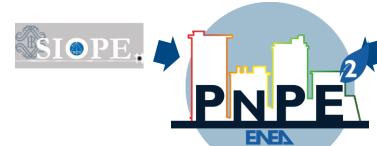


AU Acquirente Unico Informative System for the management of informative fluxes on electricity and gas consumption (AU)

Data: national consumption of private and public users



Informative System on PA
Money Transactions
Data: PA incomes and
outcomes



DB on incentives for energy efficiency and RES production (GSE)

SIAPE (ENEA)

Informative System on EPCs
Data: national EPCs





«PA HOLDINGS» project (MEF)

Data: PA building stock census



Data sources



building stock

Building cadaster (AdE)

Data: GIPS coordinates and plan of the national

Audit102 (ENEA)

Data: mandatory energy audits based on the DLgs 102/2014



ES-PA project (ENEA)

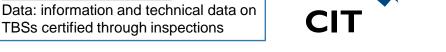
Energy and Sustainability for **Public Administration**

Data: interventions of renovation on the public building stock realized through SECAP projects

CIT (ENEA)

National cadaster of TBSs

Data: information and technical data on







Conclusions

What ENEA has evaluated so far about national building database potentials and limitations in supporting the achievement of art. 5 demands

√ Potentials

Data integration

Evaluation of existing policies

Monitoring the reach of goals and targets at local, national, and EU levels

Access to information and data flow on energy efficiency in the public sector and the building sector in general

Editing of Best practices

✓ Limitations

Lack of information especially in small contexts

Lack of data quality and information control and verification

Low digitalization levels in PA

Need for integration among different data sources



Thank you for your attention!

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