

Energy sufficiency: IPCC definition

"Sufficiency policies are a set of measures and daily practices that avoid demand for energy, materials, land and water while delivering human well-being for all within planetary boundaries."

• 1st Roadmap/plan presented on 6/10/2022:

Target = -10 % on energy consumption by 2024 / compared to 2019

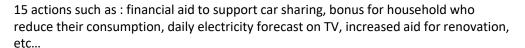
Revision just started to deliver a version 2 pending for mid-march 2023

1



DELA TRANSITION National Sufficiency Roadmap

9 working groups identified relevant actions for each sector (housing, industry, transport, sport, state, etc...)



Check-lists of energy-saving tips for households, companies, building owners etc...







4

DE LA TRANSITION National Energy Savings Campaign

On TV, radio, internet, press

Communication on 5 energy-saving tips: set temperature at 19°C in buildings, set water heater at 55°C, unplug electric devices when not used, install thermostat, use electric appliances outside of peak hours















National energy sobriety plan (« Plan de sobrieté énergétique »)

- Plan based on the national public consultation, announced in October 2022 :
 - To reach a reduction of 10% of energy consumption by 2024
 - To reduce the impact of the energy crisis for the winter 2022-2023
- Main content
- · Sufficiency in buildings
 - 19/16 °C: max. day/night heating temperature
 - 8 °C: max. heating temperature for unused buildings (> 3 days)
 - Postpone by 15 days the beginning / end of the heating period of collective-ownership, if the temperature allows it
 - Reduce hot water consumption in offices (except for showers)
- · An exemplary State
 - 18 °C: max. day temperature during "red EcoWatt period"
 - Increase of remote working (+15% of related subsidy)
 - Experimentation of closing buildings (ex: 29/10 01/11)
 - Car speed limit at 110 km/h (-20% of fuel consumption)

Local Authorities

Reduction of electricity consumption for public lighting

-2°C in buildings dedicated to sport Reduction of the heated surface area

Private sector

Voluntary scheme "Les entreprises s'engagent": commitment to a set of 16 actions (lighting, heating/cooling, ventilation, etc.)

Residential energy consumption

Sobriety bonus: energy suppliers might give a bonus if the household reduces its energy consumption Improvement of the grant scheme to switch to heat pumps New obligations: hot water pipes insulation, thermostat

Transportation

Encourage car-sharing (100€ grant)

Choose train (rather than airplane) for trip < 4h

Choose train and public transportation (rather than cars)

Direction Générale de l'Energie et du Climat



On a teleworking monitored experiment / ministry-scale / 100 participants

- Strong benefit when reducing transport emission (commuting) / depending on the location: big cities / less densified areas
- Uncertainty about rebound at home: sometime benefits?
- More to investigate in phase 2



Timeline / Energy sufficiency plan

1st Roadmap/plan presented on 6/10/2022

https://www.ecologie.gouv.fr/sobriete-energetique-plan-reduire-notre-consommation-denergie

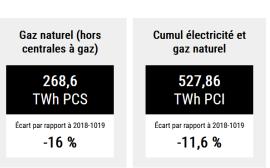
Revised pending for mid-april 2023



Consommation cumulée observée depuis le 1er août 2022, au 12 mars 2023

results so far







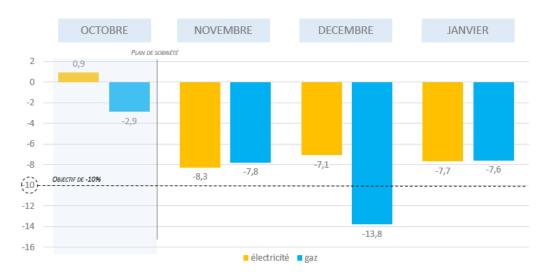


Government building energy gauge



Baromètre de l'énergie Plan de sobriété de l'Etat

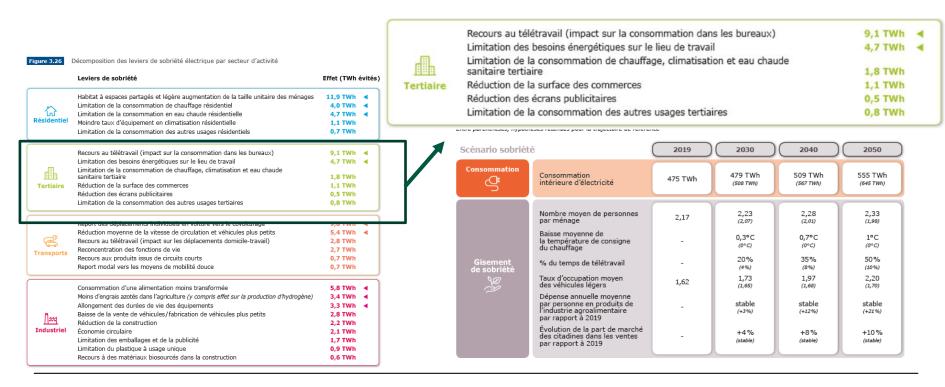




2022-23 winter season / from an office building panel / weather-corrected



Long term: RTE scenario / office buildings







co-benefit: less light pollution - public street light swtich off at 10 pm