



# **Methodology and approach in definition of CHP potential in the Czech Republic**

**Michael ten Donkelaar  
& Jan Harnych**

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# Structure of CHP power plants in the Czech Republic

Range of installed capacity	Technology	Total electrical installed capacity [MWe]	Total thermal installed capacity [MWt]
<b>Up to 1 MW<sub>e</sub></b>	Steam power plants	13	537,4
	Combined cycle gas turbine power plants(CCGT)	0,0	0,0
	Gas engine power plants	296,6	341,9
	<b>Total</b>	<b>309,6</b>	<b>879,4</b>
<b>1 MW<sub>e</sub> up to 5 MW<sub>e</sub></b>	Steam power plants	82,8	1266,9
	Combined cycle gas turbine power plants(CCGT)	0,0	0,0
	Gas engine power plants	239,0	283,4
	<b>Total</b>	<b>321,8</b>	<b>1550,3</b>
<b>Above 5 MW<sub>e</sub></b>	Steam power plants	9 792,2	18 080,0
	Combined cycle gas turbine power plants(CCGT)	118,0	119,9
	Gas engine power plants	5,4	7,9
	<b>Total</b>	<b>9 915,6</b>	<b>18 207,8</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>Steam power plants</b>	<b>9 888,0</b>	<b>19884,4</b>
	Combined cycle gas turbine power plants(CCGT)	118,0	119,9
	Gas engine power plants	541,0	633,1
	<b>Total</b>	<b>10 547,0</b>	<b>20 637,4</b>

# CHP power plants – electricity generation

	Electricity generation (GWh)	High efficiency cogeneration (GWh)	Incentives paid in 2014 (mil. EUR)
CHPs up to 5 MWe	3 269	886	28
CHPs above 5 MWe	9 561	5 943	33
Total	12 830	6 829	61

- ◆ The level of incentives varies between 2 to 60 EUR / MWh depending on the installed capacity, efficiency of electricity generation and no. of operating hours

## Our approach in definition of CHP potential

- ◆ Replacement of boilers by cogeneration units
  - ◆ Only natural gas engines
- ◆ The main source was REZZO database (Register of Emissions and Air Pollution Sources)
  - ◆ Gathers on yearly basis data about 34,000 boilers
  - ◆ Only heat sources above 200 kWth

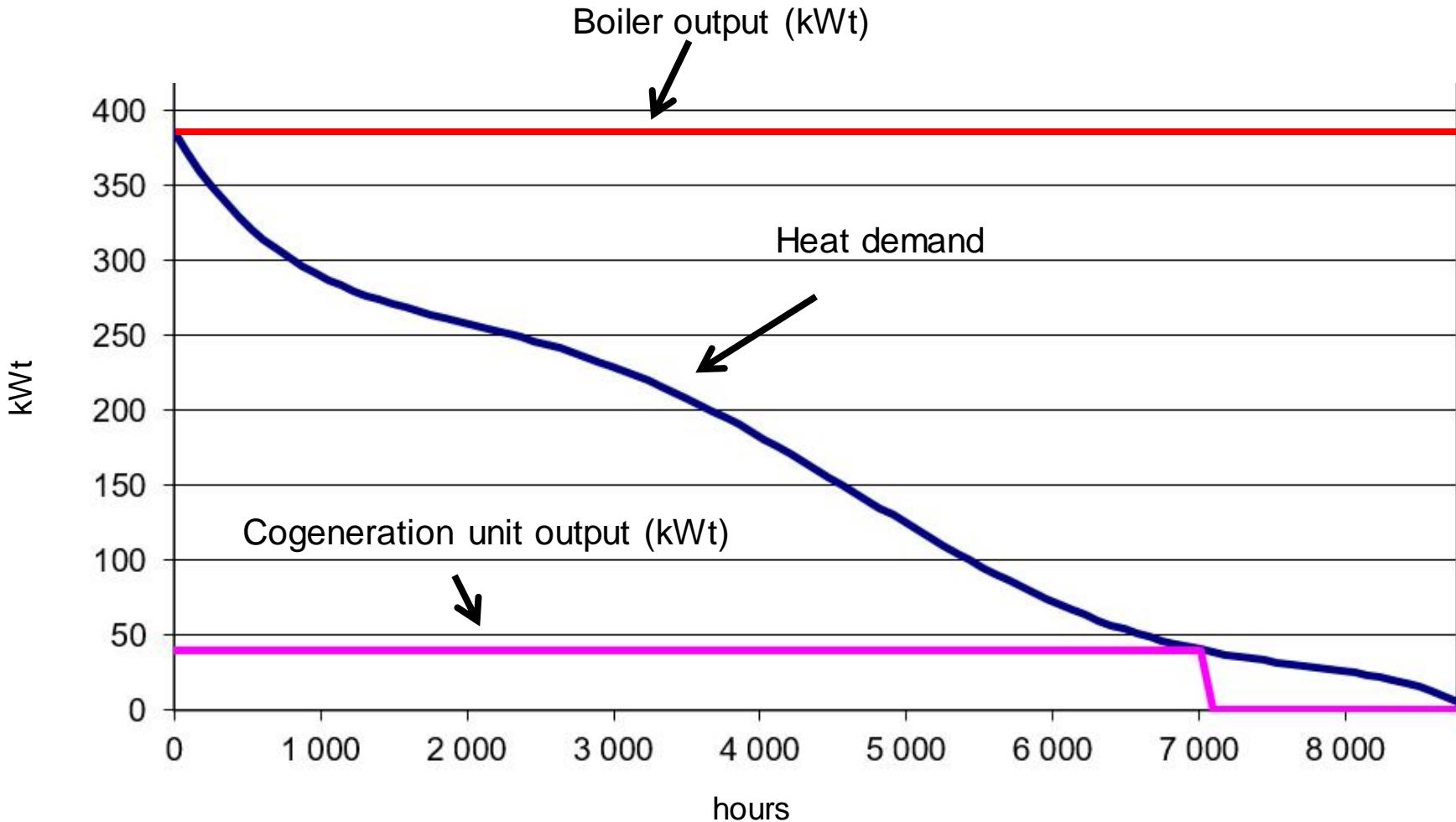
## REZZO database 1/2

- ◆ What we know about these 34,000 boilers?
  - ◆ Thermal output
  - ◆ Type of fuel
  - ◆ Fuel consumption
  - ◆ Heat generation
  - ◆ Emissions (solid particles, CO, NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>x</sub>H<sub>y</sub>)

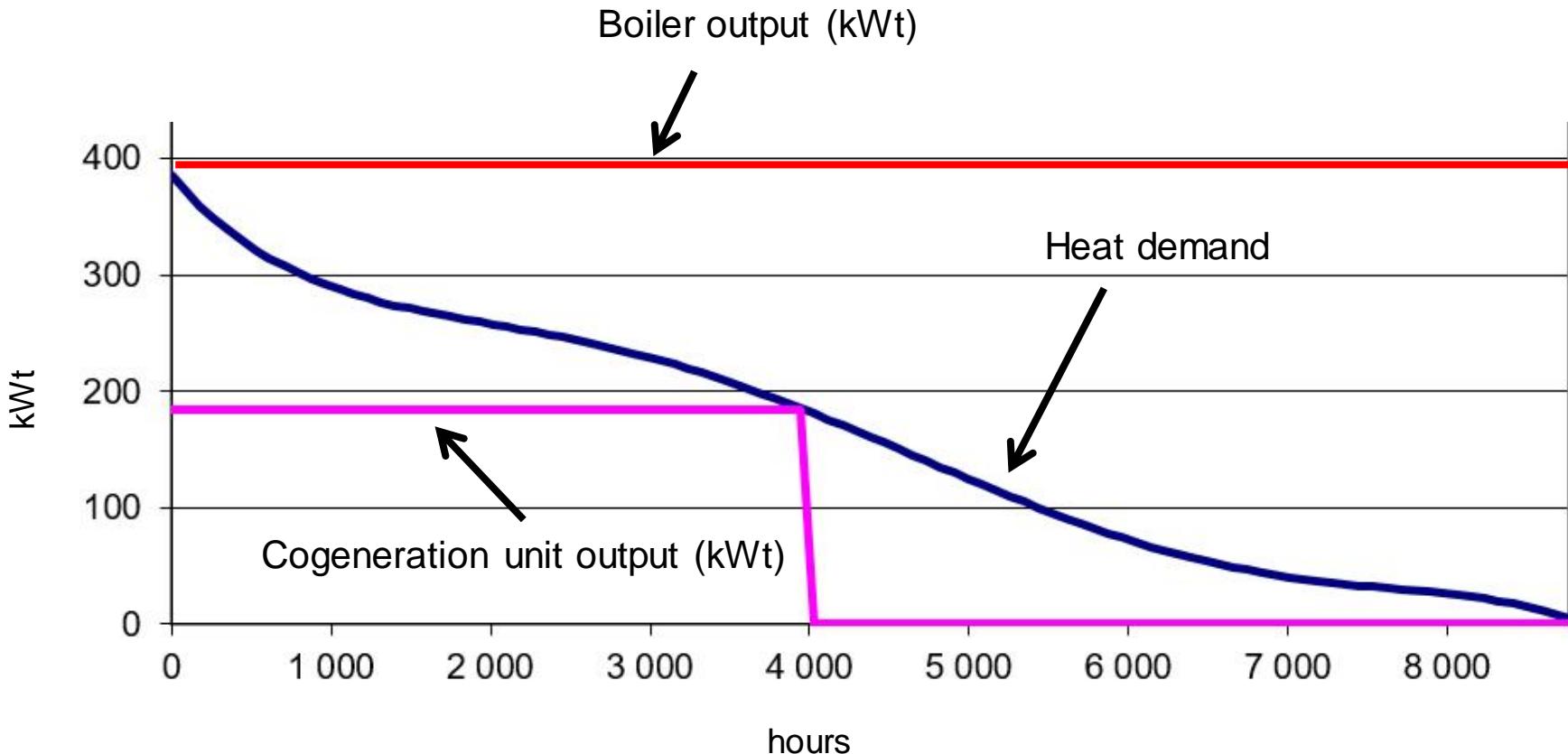
## REZZO database 2/2

- ◆ What we don't know about these 34,000 boilers?
  - ◆ Real operational mode – we don't know if boilers operate for the whole year on half of the nominal thermal output or at full output for only half year  
-> very important aspect for design of optimal electricity output of cogeneration unit
  - ◆ Solved by two scenarios, which define borders of the real potential
    - ◆ Low scenario – with cogeneration units operating 7000h/year
    - ◆ High scenario – with cogeneration units operating 4000h/year
- ◆ Technical limitations – lack of space in boiler room
- ◆ Legislative restrictions – local increase of NOx emissions

# Low scenario – 7,000 hours of operation



# High scenario – 4,000 hours of operation



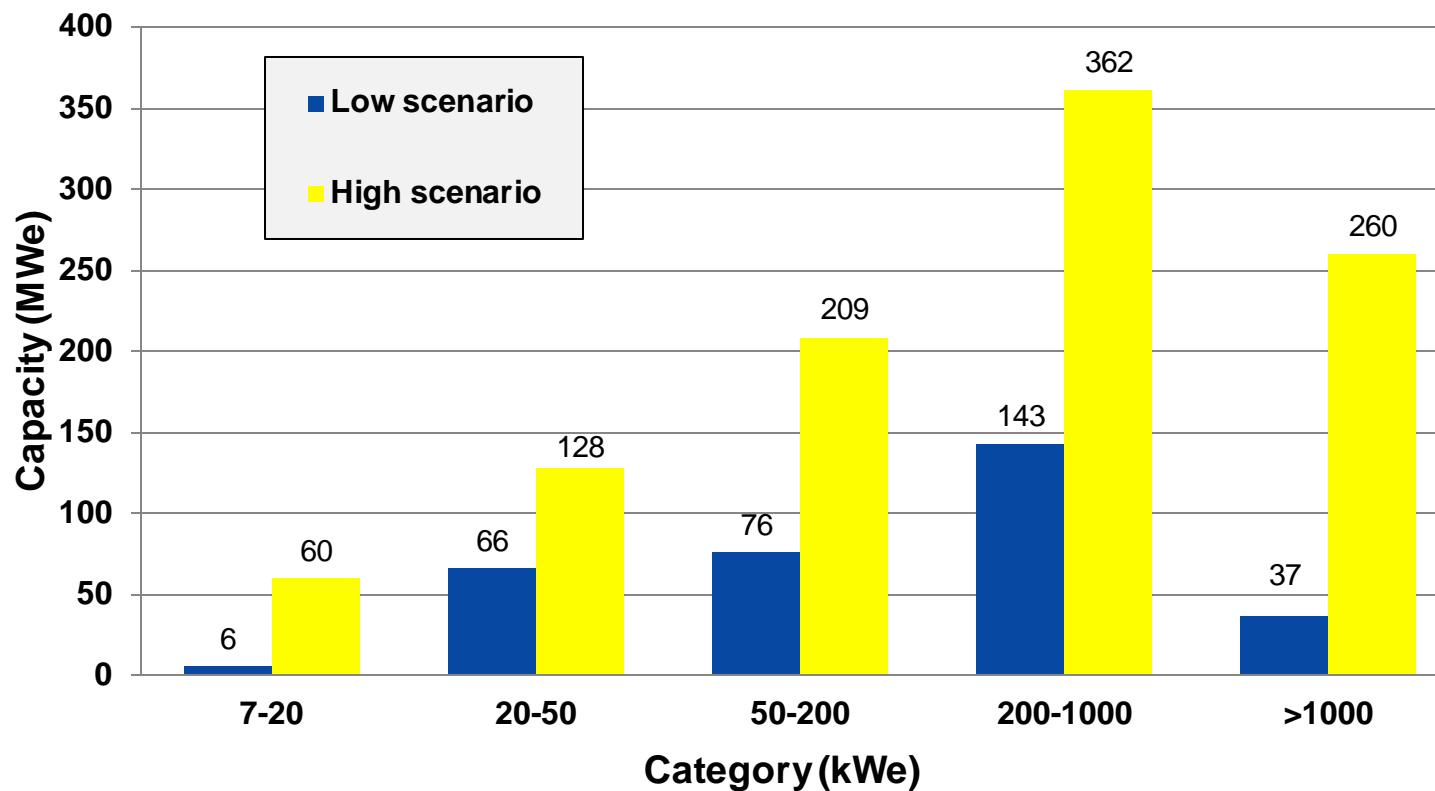
## Methodology - What we do with REZZO database 1/2

- ◆ 1. Dispose of all CHP
- ◆ 2. Dispose of all steam boilers
- ◆ 3. Dispose of all sources in which no gas engine can be installed  
(furnaces, driers, backup boilers in hospitals, ...)
- ◆ Potential boilers for CHP
  - ◆ 34,000 → 15,500
- ◆ 4. Dispose of all sources, which are too small (low heating generation) for gas engine installation
  - ◆ The smallest cogeneration unit 7 kWe (no Stirling engines)
  - ◆ 15,500 → 11,000

## Methodology - What we do with REZZO database 2/2

- ◆ 5. According to heat generation categories we defined 5 boiler categories:
  - ◆ Heat generation above 30000 GJ/year   **>1000 kW<sub>e</sub> (1200 kW<sub>t</sub>)**
  - ◆ Heat generation 7000-30000 GJ/year   **200-1000 kW<sub>e</sub> (240-1200 kW<sub>t</sub>)**
  - ◆ Heat generation 2500-7000 GJ/year   **50-200 kW<sub>e</sub> (70-280 kW<sub>t</sub>)**
  - ◆ Heat generation 1200-2500 GJ/year   **20-50 kW<sub>e</sub> (42-105 kW<sub>t</sub>)**
  - ◆ Heat generation 250-1200 GJ/year   **7-20 kW<sub>e</sub> (17,5-50 kW<sub>t</sub>)**
- ◆ The reason was that each output category of CHP has different electrical and thermal efficiency.

# Results – total capacity (MWe)



- ◆ Low scenario 327,8 MWe
- ◆ High scenario 1017,8 MWe
- ◆ The real potential lies between 327,8 MWe and 1017,8 MWe.

# Results – electricity generation

- ◆ Number of new installations of gas engines

	7-20 kWe	20-50 kWe	50-200 kWe	200-1000 kWe	> 1000 kWe	Total
Low scenario	294	2 182	836	343	22	3 677
High scenario	4 166	3 909	2 148	913	151	11 287

- ◆ Electricity generation (GWh)

	7-20 kWe	20-50 kWe	50-200 kWe	200-1000 kWe	> 1000 kWe	Total
Low scenario	40	462	532	1002	260	2295
High scenario	239	510	836	1446	1040	4071

# Comparison of current situation and technical potential

	Electricity generation in 2014 (GWh)	Technical potential for gas engines (GWh)
Total	12 830	2 295 - 4071

# Thank you for your attention!

**Michael ten Donkelaar & Jan Harnych**

ENVIROS, s.r.o.  
Dykova 53/10  
101 00 Praha 10-Vinohrady

Tel: (+420) 284 007 491  
Mobile: (+420) 602 378 383  
E-mail: [michael.tendonkelaar@enviros.cz](mailto:michael.tendonkelaar@enviros.cz),  
[jan.harnych@enviros.cz](mailto:jan.harnych@enviros.cz)  
Web: [www.enviros.cz](http://www.enviros.cz)