



GOUVERNEMENT

*Liberté
Égalité
Fraternité*

**EED CONCERTED ACTION
8TH PLENARY MEETING, DUBLIN**

-

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ARTICLE 3 OF THE EED IN FRANCE

WG 8.4

- **TRANSPPOSITION OF THE ARTICLE 3 OF THE EED**

- **MAIN OBJECTIVES**

- **FOCUS ON BOTH ENERGY SUFFICIENCY & ENERGY EFFICIENCY**
- **PROJECTS / PLANS & PROGRAMS :**
 - Integration in the environmental evaluation scheme (EE)
 - Establishment of a “default” procedure for projects which do not fall in the EE scheme
- **POLICY MEASURES**
 - Integration into the model for impact assessment of laws / regulation

- **TRANSPPOSITION : MAIN TEXTS**

- LAW n° 2025-391 du 30 avril 2025 portant diverses dispositions d'adaptation au droit de l'Union européenne en matière économique, financière, environnementale, énergétique, de transport, de santé et de circulation des personnes
- DECREE n° 2025-1382 du 29 décembre 2025 relatif à la transposition de la directive (UE) 2023/1791 relative à l'efficacité énergétique

- **EXTRACTS OF THE FRENCH LEGISLATION / REGULATIONS (1)**
 - **ARTICLE L. 211-10 OF THE ENVIRONMENT CODE**
 - For each project with an investment amount exceeding €100 million, energy efficiency and sufficiency solutions shall be considered
 - This threshold is raised to €175 million for transport infrastructure projects.
 - The evaluation of the consideration of energy efficiency and sobriety solutions for projects subject to the environmental evaluation shall be carried out within the framework of the environmental assessment
 - **SECTION WITHIN THE ENERGY CODE DEDICATED TO THE ASSESSMENT OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND ENERGY SUFFICIENCY (R. 211-11 - R. 211-18 OF THE ENERGY CODE)**
 - Creation of a scheme which is fully compliant with the EEFPP :
 - Responsibility given to the project owner
 - Details on the investment costs to be considered
 - **For projects :**
 - Minimum requirements : non technical summary, technical description of the project, description of considered alternatives to reduce the energy consumption and to reuse waste heat, estimation of economical / technical feasibility, qualification of the experts, etc.

- **EXTRACTS OF LEGISLATION / REGULATION (2)**

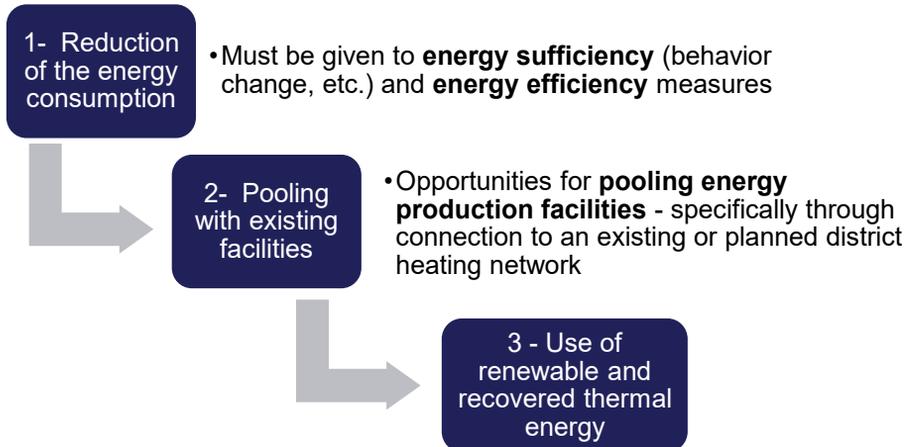
- **For plans & programs :**

- Integration into the environmental report of a section which contains
 - **Description of the considered alternatives** to reduce the energy consumption and to reuse waste heat, included its techno-economic feasibility
 - A statement of the **main reasons for the chosen option**, particularly through a comparative analysis of their impacts on energy consumption, the recovery of waste heat, and energy poverty, where the plan or program is likely to have an impact on these factors.

- **EEFP IN OTHER SCHEME : THE EXAMPLE OF THE HEAT FUND**

- **Heat Fund**

- Implemented in order to support the production of heat from renewable resources and recovered energy.
- Since 2009, budget for 2026 : 800 000 €
- Project owners of district heating or cooling networks supported by the Heat Fund (*Fonds Chaleur*) are encouraged to follow a **comprehensive energy strategy** (*EnR'Choix* approach developed by ADEME, the energy agency).



- **EEFP IN THE HEAT FUND**

① Local, non-relocatable recovered thermal energy:

For heating (waste-to-energy, wastewater, data centers, etc.) as well as for cooling (free cooling, waste cold, etc.)

② Local renewable thermal energy:

Deep geothermal energy, ground-source or air-source heat pumps, solar thermal, etc.

③ Other transportable renewable energies: Biomass

Thank you for your attention